

## ĐỀ THI HỌC KÌ 1 – ĐỀ SỐ 2

## MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 11 ENGLISH DISCOVERY



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## I. PRONUNCIATION

*Choose the word that has a different stressed syllable from the rest.*

1. A. atmosphere      B. emissions      C. eyebrows      D. masterpiece  
 2. A. deforestation      B. greenhouse      C. permanent      D. breathtaking  
 3. A. malaria      B. extinct      C. destination      D. decay

*Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.*

4. A. scenery      B. heritage      C. excavate      D. breathtaking  
 5. A. nation      B. education      C. famous      D. volcanic

## II. GRAMMAR &amp; VOCABULARY

*Choose the best option (A, B, C, D) to complete each of the following sentences.*

6. My friend enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ food such as candies, ice cream and strawberry milk.  
 A. sweet      B. sour      C. bitter      D. raw
7. The vegetables are still \_\_\_\_\_. You need to boil it for another 20 minutes.  
 A. sweetened      B. spicy      C. raw      D. hot
8. Companies are advised to cut down on \_\_\_\_\_ and reduce \_\_\_\_\_ of greenhouse gases.  
 A. climate change/emissions      C. emissions/fossil fuel  
 B. fossil fuel/emissions      D. emissions/climate change
9. Narnia is a well-known \_\_\_\_\_ which offers great \_\_\_\_\_ with lakes, glaciers, rivers and oceans.  
 A. heritage/diversities      C. sites/scenery  
 B. destination/diversity      D. places/ecosystem
10. The play was so funny that I was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. pulling my leg      B. laughing my head off  
 C. on the tip of my tongue      D. breaking my heart
11. After the main course, customers have sweets as their \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. starter      B. dessert      C. food      D. desert
12. Take off your slippery shoes \_\_\_\_\_ fall into this fast-flowing river.  
 A. in order to      B. so as not to      C. so not to      D. so that
13. We \_\_\_\_\_ so many troubles \_\_\_\_\_ during the trip because we were too excited.  
 A. didn't expect/happening      B. expected/to happen  
 C. didn't expect/to happen      D. expected/happening
14. Hạ Long Bay, \_\_\_\_\_ offers tourists a diverse ecosystem, attracts tourists from different countries.  
 A. which      B. where      C. whose      D. that

15. We had a decision \_\_\_\_\_ a campaign on reducing fossil fuel and preventing climate change.

- A. carrying out      B. carry out      C. to carry out      D. carried out

16. We haven't had spaghetti for ages, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. did we have      B. have we      C. shall we      D. do we have

*Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words in brackets.*

17. Tourist destinations are often \_\_\_\_\_ and hotel rooms are fully booked quickly. (CROWD)

18. The \_\_\_\_\_ of carbon dioxide damages the atmosphere. (EMIT)

19. The stunning \_\_\_\_\_ beauty of Kenya attracts many tourists every year. (SCENE)

20. Having \_\_\_\_\_ meals is important to keep you healthy and in shape. (NUTRITION)

### III. READING

*Read the text and choose the best answer for the below questions.*

There are still some people who say that climate change is not real! Others say that it is real, but we cannot do anything to stop it, so we need not try. A few people even say that climate change is not caused by human beings. But most people now understand that our world is getting hotter, and we have to do something about it. We only have one Earth, and we can't get another one.

Twenty years ago, people could perhaps imagine that climate change was not a real problem, because some scientists still had doubts. Today, almost all the world's scientists agree: the world is getting hotter, and it is the fault of human beings. Our planet is going towards a climate catastrophe, but we can stop its worst effects. Indeed, we must do everything possible to stop them. In November 2021, world leaders (or most of them) met in Glasgow, in Scotland, for the COP26 summit. They took quite a few decisions, to try and stop the Earth getting too warm. Many countries promised to become "carbon neutral" before 2050. Some have promised to become carbon-neutral even faster. World leaders agree that we have to stop using coal and oil to generate heat and electricity; we should use green energy sources instead, known as "renewables."

Before the year 2100, all the energy that we use may perhaps come from renewable sources; the sun, the sea, the wind and rivers can produce more than enough energy for everyone on our planet, but we still have a long way to go. The green energy revolution has already begun, but the challenges are still enormous. "Going green" will cost an enormous amount of money and use some kinds of technology that do not yet exist. Also, there are some people who believe that it will be too expensive.

Although most people care about our planet and know that we have to act now to avoid a climate catastrophe, there are other people who have different priorities. There are people who just don't care, and there are people who care more about themselves than about the world around them. There are people and big companies that just want to make money and are not interested in anything that gets in their way. Most importantly, there are politicians who are frightened of doing anything that other people will not like; they make promises, but they do not keep them.

21. According to the text, what do most scientists believe today?

- A. Climate change is not a real problem

- B. Climate change is not caused by human beings
- C. Climate change is real and caused by human beings
- D. Climate change cannot be stopped

22. What was the goal of the COP26 summit in November 2021?

- A. To deny the existence of climate change
- B. To discuss different theories about climate change
- C. To make decisions to combat climate change
- D. To promote the use of coal and oil

23. What are "renewables" in the context of the text?

- A. Energy sources that are harmful to the environment
- B. Green energy sources like the sun, wind, and rivers
- C. Energy sources that cannot be used before 2100
- D. Non-renewable energy sources like coal and oil

24. According to the text, what are some of the challenges associated with "going green"?

- A. It requires no additional technology
- B. It is not an expensive process
- C. It is too expensive
- D. It is an easy transition

25. What do some politicians do according to the text?

- A. Keep their promises
- B. Prioritize the environment over everything else
- C. Make promises but do not keep them
- D. Support green energy initiatives

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to fill in each blank.**

#### Hoi An Ancient Town

Hoi An Ancient Town is located in Viet Nam's central Quang Nam Province on the banks of the Thu Bon River. In 1999, the old town was recognised as (26)\_\_\_\_\_ World Heritage Site by UNESCO. As a well-preserved example of a Southeast Asian trading port dating from the 15th to 19th century, its architecture is a mixture of local and foreign styles. The town (27)\_\_\_\_\_ of a well-preserved complex of thousands of timber frame buildings, with brick or wooden walls, including an open market, pagodas, temples, and other structures. The houses (28)\_\_\_\_\_ side by side in tight, unbroken rows along narrow pedestrian streets. The original street plan has also stayed the same.

One of the (29)\_\_\_\_\_ attractions is the Japanese Bridge Pagoda (Cau Pagoda), which was built over a small canal flowing out into the Thu Bon River. It's part of a 420-year-old bridge, painted in beautiful red and pink colours, with a wooden pagoda roof. The bridge has a fascinating history dating (30)\_\_\_\_\_ to the 17th century. Restored several times, this important monument is well preserved and has become the symbol of Hoi An and the highlight of any walking tour in the old town.

- 26. A. the                      B. a                      C. an                      D. x
- 27. A. includes              B. composes              C. consists              D. has
- 28. A. arrange              B. are arranged              C. have arranged              D. arranged

29. A. famous      B. more famous      C. as famous      D. most famous

30. A. from      B. back      C. against      D. out

## V. WRITING

*Rewrite the sentences without changing their meanings using the words in brackets.*

31. The scenery of Hạ Long Bay impressed us the most. (IT)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

32. Tourists who stay in this hotel will be provided with 2 free meals. (STAYING)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

33. It is advisable that humans save energy. (SHOULD)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

34. Global warming won't stop if we don't cut down on the use of fossil fuels. (UNLESS)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

35. It's so unfortunate that I broke my rib. (WISH)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

## VI. LISTENING

*Listen to a radio programme about a family trip. Choose the best answer for each question.*

36. What was the primary source of food for the pigs that the speaker mentions when they were a teenager?

A. Supermarket dumpsters

B. Farm fields

C. Landfill sites

D. Grocery stores

37. What percentage of the world's food supply is currently being wasted, according to the speaker?

A. At least 50%

B. Exactly one-third

C. More than 30%

D. Approximately 25%

38. Why do farmers in Kenya waste thousands of tonnes of perfectly good food every year, as mentioned in the script?

A. Due to a lack of demand for their produce

B. Because of strict cosmetic standards set by supermarkets

C. As a result of poor storage facilities

D. They intentionally discard food

39. What is the main objective of the charity "Feedback" mentioned in the script?

A. Spreading awareness about the value of food

B. Hosting massive free feasts

C. Encouraging food redistribution

D. Inspiring people to take action against food waste

40. What positive change has occurred in the UK regarding food waste, as mentioned in the script?

A. Supermarkets have become more wasteful

B. Food redistribution has decreased

C. Food waste campaigns have had no impact

D. Food redistribution has doubled

-----THE END-----