

ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KÌ 2 – ĐỀ SỐ 6

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 10 FRIENDS GLOBAL



BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. A. psychology B. jump C. respect D. product
 2. A. knot B. know C. knife D. key

II. Choose the word that has a different stressed syllable from the rest.

3. A. present B. medical C. designer D. exotic
 4. A. production B. pollution C. location D. organize

III. Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences.

5. This morning Hannah asked me if I _____ tired because I stayed up all night yesterday.
 A. was B. have been C. had been D. would be
6. Our teacher, Mrs. Grande, has been checking our homework in the _____ for the whole morning before he goes to our classroom.
 A. school hall B. lab C. library D. staff room
7. One of the best ways to conserve the environment is to _____ energy use.
 A. consume B. increase C. limit D. protect
8. Yesterday, my friend and I went to a _____ to buy some friendship bracelets.
 A. charity shop B. jeweller's C. butcher's D. stationer's
9. _____ my classmates have passed the test successfully.
 A. No one B. None of C. Not any D. None
10. My mom is very nice. She always approves _____ me having some friends over.
 A. with B. about C. of D. in
11. The statue is constructed in the town square to _____ those who built the city.
 A. commemorate B. celebrate C. worship D. decorate
12. The government should offer _____ in remote places in the nation such as the mountainous areas.
 A. energy use B. medical care C. used items D. waste
13. If there _____ pollution in this area, the local communities could organize some ecotours to attract visitors from all over the world.
 A. was B. were C. was not D. were not
14. My grandparents live in a huge building _____ was built 50 years ago.
 A. which B. where C. it D. when
15. Do you have _____ clothes to donate to the charity shop nearby our house?
 A. many B. a little C. some D. any

IV. Write the correct forms of the words in brackets.

16. The three children had been lost in the _____ in 2 days before the police found them. (WILD)
17. Many students in the world are silently struggling with _____ disorders without their parents' support. (LEARN)
18. Environmental _____ has been becoming a big problem that many countries in the world are having. (PROTECT)
19. I love buying designer clothes because they make me look _____. (BEAUTY)
20. Many people think that _____ products are of better quality than no-name products. (BRAND)

V. You hear two friends, Pete and Amy, talking about their future. Listen and decide if the sentences are True (T) or False (F).

21. Pete has made plans for continuing his education after he leaves school.
22. Pete thinks he'd like to teach the subject he's best at.
23. Amy does not intend to take a year out after she leaves school.
24. Amy knows she will have to study a long time to qualify in her chosen job.
25. Pete thinks that Amy might have problems with her choice of career.

VI. Read the text and choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the sentences below.

No more plastic bags

In 2011 a new law, the first of its kind in the UK, was passed in Wales. Shops were no longer allowed to give away free plastic bags to their customers. Instead, they had to charge a tax of 5p per bag, which was collected and given to charity. The results were amazing – within a year, the demand for supermarket bags fell by about ninety-six percent. The extra charge was enough to make Welsh shoppers change their habits and remember to take their own bags whenever they went shopping.

The tax was the result of a huge campaign, which was supported by a national newspaper, the Daily Mail, as well as various politicians and green campaigners. It is increasingly popular too. When it was introduced, it was supported by about fifty-nine percent of the Welsh population, but after only six months the figure was seventy percent.

There is no doubt that plastic bags are bad news for the environment. Every year in the UK about eighteen billion (18,000,000,000) plastic bags are given away by supermarkets – that's about 290 bags per person. Most of them end up in landfill sites, where they remain for hundreds of years, polluting the environment. Wildlife is affected too. For example, every year a million seabirds die when they mistake bags floating on the sea for food.

All this is bad enough, but plastic bags damage the environment in other ways too. Before they reach the shops, they have already travelled thousands of miles – most of them are made in China or India and then shipped to countries in Europe, including the UK. Then, when they have been used (for an average of twenty minutes each) and thrown away, they are often shipped back again, because we are running out of space here. The solution to this problem is obvious – stop producing so many plastic bags, and stop giving them away – but shoppers in the UK have been very slow to change their ways. However, the success of the Welsh tax

shows that it is possible to change people's shopping habits. According to researchers from Cardiff University, part of the reason for the popularity of the tax is that the money goes to charity, not the government. Certainly, hundreds of thousands of pounds have been raised since the tax was introduced. The money has gone to a variety of good causes, including local children's charities and the RSPB (the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds).

It is safe to conclude that the plastic bag tax has brought positive change to Wales.

26. In 2011, _____.

- A. Welsh shops stopped giving away free plastic bags
- B. Welsh shops stopped selling plastic bags
- C. plastic bags were made illegal in Wales
- D. Welsh shoppers stopped using plastic bags

27. Every year in the UK 18 billion plastic supermarket bags _____.

- A. are eaten by birds
- B. are used
- C. go to landfill sites
- D. are bought by shoppers

28. Most plastic bags in the UK _____.

- A. are made locally
- B. are imported from the rest of Europe
- C. come from outside Europe
- D. are produced in Europe

29. The tax is popular in Wales because the money _____.

- A. helps the government
- B. goes to India and China
- C. goes to good causes
- D. is given to politicians

30. In this article, the author shows _____.

- A. no opinion
- B. sympathy to shoppers
- C. approval of the tax
- D. support for supermarkets

VII. Rearrange the given words to make complete sentences. Do not change the given words.

31. grateful / send / would / me / be / refund / the / for / product. / I / you / could / if / a

=> _____.

32. places / most / These / have / before. / are / tourists / visited / exotic / that / never

=> _____.

33. so / school, / Mai / struggles / with / to / it / concentrate / with / always / At / finds / she / homework / always

=> _____.

34. workshop / I / about / a / to / wrote / this / letter / enquire / a / morning.

=> _____.

35. Hung King. / who / offer / usually / flowers / People / pay / incense / go / this / respect / to / to / temple / and / to

=> _____.

VIII. Use the words in capitals to rewrite the sentences. Do not change the given word.

36. Hoa said, 'I got up very early this morning to go on a hiking trip.' (HAD)

=> _____.

37. Quan asked his friend, 'Where did you visit last weekend?' (KNOW)

=> _____.

38. They grow the sugar cane in three different regions. (IS)

=> _____.

39. She loves reading this book. It is about the life of a homeless man. (WHICH)

=> _____.

40. Tourists don't visit this destination very often. (IS)

=> _____.

-----**THE END**-----